2015 revision of the World Medical Association statement on nuclear weapons

https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11871

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Date: 2016-Feb-27
Topics: Health care and patient safety
Population health/ health equity/ public health

Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association endorses the 2015 revision of the World Medical Association Statement on Nuclear Weapons (https://www.wma.net/policies-post/wma-statement-on-nuclear-weapons/) [Please copy and paste this link into your web browser.]

Aboriginal health

https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy811

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28
Date: 1990-Aug-23
Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health

Resolution: That the Canadian Medical Association take action to support aboriginal peoples in those areas of social, political and economic life that would improve the health of their communities.

Aboriginal health care

https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy809

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28
Date: 1990-Aug-23
Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance
Population health/ health equity/ public health

Resolution: That the Canadian Medical Association encourage physicians to expand contacts with their local aboriginal communities, on both a community and professional level, in order to address aboriginal health care issues.
Aboriginal patients
https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy8558

Policy Type: Policy resolution  
Last Reviewed: 2013-Mar-02  
Date: 2006-Aug-23  
Topics: Health human resources  
Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Population health/ health equity/ public health  

Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association, working with its divisions and affiliates, in cooperation with Aboriginal associations, calls for medical schools to develop courses to educate physicians on: a) the history and culture of Aboriginal peoples in Canada, b) communication skills to enhance their care of Aboriginal patients, and c) their response to health issues of particular concern to Aboriginal patients and their communities.

Aboriginal peoples and mental illness
https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9210

Policy Type: Policy resolution  
Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28  
Date: 2008-Aug-20  
Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health  
Health systems, system funding and performance  
Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  

Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association urges Canadian medical schools to include in their curricula material related to the deleterious effect of negative stereotyping of Aboriginal peoples suffering from mental illnesses and substance use disorders.
Aboriginal physicians

https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy53

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2016-May-20
Date: 2002-Aug-21
Topics: Health human resources
Resolution: That Canadian Medical Association work with others to develop a health human resource strategy aimed at improving: Recruitment, training, retention of Aboriginal physicians and other health care workers; Integrated, holistic primary care service delivery relevant to the needs of the Aboriginal community and under community control.

Academic writing and editing among practicing physicians and physicians-in-training

https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11627

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Date: 2015-Aug-26
Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms; Ethics and medical professionalism; Health systems, system funding and performance
Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association will promote the development of resources to foster academic writing and editing among practicing physicians and physicians-in-training.
**Access by the elderly to medical and supportive health care**


**Policy Type:** Policy resolution  
**Last Reviewed:** 2013-Mar-02  
**Date:** 1999-Aug-25  
**Topics:** Population health/ health equity/ public health

**Resolution:** That the Canadian Medical Association adopt as policy the following principle: Access in old age. Older citizens in all parts of Canada should have timely access to medical and supportive health care services that are clinically appropriate. This includes: a) rapid access to primary medical care, b) access to a full range of medical, surgical, diagnostic, treatment and rehabilitative services, and c) access to specialized programs designed to address the physical and mental problems of old age. Access to clinically appropriate services should not be denied on the basis of age or disability.

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**Access for women to the medical services required to terminate a pregnancy**


**Policy Type:** Policy resolution  
**Last Reviewed:** 2015-Feb-28  
**Date:** 2008-Aug-20  
**Topics:** Ethics and medical professionalism  
Health care and patient safety

**Resolution:** The Canadian Medical Association opposes the adoption of Bill C-484 and of any legislation that would result in compromising access for women to the medical services required to terminate a pregnancy.
Accessibility to health facilities

https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy1616

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2017-Mar-04
Date: 2003-Dec-06
Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association supports patient accessibility to health care across the full spectrum of health care delivery settings by encouraging the removal of physical barriers and the adoption of universal design principles.