



Access for women to the medical services required to terminate a pregnancy

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9284>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28

Date: 2008-Aug-20

Topics: Ethics and medical professionalism

Health care and patient safety

Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association opposes the adoption of Bill C-484 and of any legislation that would result in compromising access for women to the medical services required to terminate a pregnancy.



Access to medical information

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9280>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28

Date: 2008-Aug-20

Topics: Ethics and medical professionalism

Health information and e-health

Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association objects to the current practice of insurers, employers and other third parties requesting and gaining access to unlimited medical information obtained as a result of patients signing forms that grant unrestricted 'consent for release of medical information' when claiming eligibility for disability benefits.



Accreditation Standards for Continuing Medical Education

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9379>

Policy Type:	Policy resolution
Last Reviewed:	2015-Feb-28
Date:	2008-Oct-04
Topics:	Ethics and medical professionalism Physician practice/ compensation/ forms
Resolution:	The Canadian Medical Association commends the rigorous accreditation standards for continuing medical education (CME) adopted by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada and the College of Family Physicians of Canada and supports constant vigilance to ensure that the content of accredited CME events is consistent with the best available scientific information and ethically sound practice.



Admissions criteria

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9279>

Policy Type:	Policy resolution
Last Reviewed:	2015-Feb-28
Date:	2008-Aug-20
Topics:	Health human resources Ethics and medical professionalism
Resolution:	The Canadian Medical Association urges Canadian medical schools to revise admissions criteria to require a minimum of two years of post-secondary education.



Adverse events

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9574>

Policy Type:	Policy resolution
Last Reviewed:	2016-May-20
Date:	2009-Aug-19
Topics:	Ethics and medical professionalism Health care and patient safety
Resolution:	The Canadian Medical Association, while recognizing the importance of disclosing adverse events to affected patients in a timely manner, recommends that regional health authorities, institutions and professional associations develop policies to ensure the confidentiality of medical quality assurance deliberation, unless public notification is required to mitigate any possibility of ongoing harm.



Advocating for health system improvement

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10492>

Policy Type:	Policy resolution
Last Reviewed:	2019-Mar-03
Date:	2012-Aug-15
Topics:	Ethics and medical professionalism
Resolution:	The Canadian Medical Association insists that physicians be protected from intimidation when engaging in health and health care system related advocacy.



'Apology' legislation

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9282>

Policy Type:	Policy resolution
Last Reviewed:	2015-Feb-28
Date:	2008-Aug-20
Topics:	Ethics and medical professionalism
Resolution:	The Canadian Medical Association and provincial/territorial medical associations will lobby governments for appropriate 'Apology' legislation in all Canadian jurisdictions.



Best practices in physician leadership

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10468>

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2019-Mar-03
Date: 2012-Aug-15
Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance
Ethics and medical professionalism
Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association will facilitate knowledge transfer of best practices in physician leadership and engagement across the country.



Blood testing of intoxicated drivers

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9285>

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28
Date: 2008-Aug-20
Topics: Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism
Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association urges the federal Department of Justice to conduct a review of applicable sections of the Criminal Code related to blood testing of intoxicated drivers who are treated in hospital following a motor vehicle crash.



Canadian medical schools - admissions criteria

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9265>

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2015-Feb-28
Date: 2008-Aug-20
Topics: Ethics and medical professionalism
Resolution: The Canadian Medical Association urges Canadian medical schools to ensure that the admissions criteria, both stated and preferred, do not place applicants from low income families at a disadvantage.