



## Courses on health system operations and financing

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10164>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2018-03-03

Date: 2011-08-24

Topics: Health human resources

Health systems, system funding and performance

Resolution: GC11-26

The Canadian Medical Association requests the faculties of medicine to include courses on health system operations and financing in the curricula.



## Health administration programs

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10203>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2018-03-03

Date: 2011-08-24

Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance

Resolution: GC11-37

The Canadian Medical Association recommends the integration of clinical observation and epidemiology training into health administration programs.



## A Healthy Population for a Stronger Economy: CMA pre-budget consultation submission to the Standing Committee on Finance

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10224>

Policy Type: Parliamentary submission  
Date: 2011-08-12  
Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health  
Health systems, system funding and performance

### Documents

---

A thumbnail image of the PDF document, showing the same cover page as the first image.

BR2011-06.pdf

 Read PDF

 Download PDF



## A Healthy Population for a Stronger Economy: The Canadian Medical Association's Presentation to the Standing Committee on Finance's pre-budget consultations

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10228>

Policy Type: Parliamentary submission  
Date: 2011-10-18  
Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance  
Population health/ health equity/ public health

### Documents

---

BR2012-02.pdf

 Read PDF

 Download PDF



## Improving Accountability in Canada's Health Care System: The Canadian Medical Association's Presentation to the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10230>


Policy Type: Parliamentary submission  
Date: 2011-10-19  
Topics: Health care and patient safety  
Health systems, system funding and performance

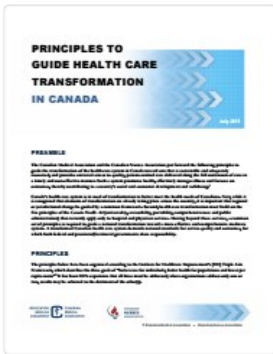
### Documents

---

BR2012-03.pdf

 Read PDF

 Download PDF



## Joint position statement: Principles to guide health care transformation in Canada


<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10218>


Policy Type: Policy document  
Last Reviewed: 2018-03-03  
Date: 2011-07-27  
Replaces: PRINCIPLES TO GUIDE HEALTH CARE TRANSFORMATION IN CANADA  
Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance

### Documents

---

PD11-13.pdf

 Read PDF

 Download PDF



## Medical direction and administrative responsibility

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy703>

Policy Type:	Policy resolution
Last Reviewed:	2017-03-04
Date:	1981-08-28
Topics:	Health systems, system funding and performance Health human resources
Resolution:	GC81-17

That the following be adopted as Canadian Medical Association policy: Medical direction and administrative responsibility: a) service departments which carry out prescribed medical diagnostic tests and/or therapy in hospitals or clinics must have a medical director who is accountable to the hospital board through the hospital administrator and professionally accountable through the normal channels to the organized medical staff. Such medical service departments include medical laboratory services, radiological services, respiratory technology, physiotherapy and nuclear medicine services. The appointment of a medical director for each such service department is essential in order to ensure the best possible service to the patient and to the hospital and to coordinate the related medical programs for the patient, b) the size and complexity of some service departments which carry out medical diagnostic tests and/or therapy may require the appointment of administrative assistants to the medical director, and these may be trained in the disciplines of physiotherapy, radiography, medical laboratory technology, respiratory technology, nuclear medicine technology, etc. They should be responsible to the medical director of the hospital services department and should not be head of the department reporting directly to the hospital administrator. In the small centres where there is not a full-time medical specialist on the medical staff the medical director of the service department should be a qualified physician. Such a non- specialized medical director should establish regular communication with a specialist in the field who may be consulted on general and specific questions, c) it is also recognized that some allied health personnel working in service departments have advanced technical and/or treatment skills. These should be recognized and profitably utilized always under the supervision and accountability of the medical director of the specific service.



## National standards for patient care

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10216>

Policy Type: Policy resolution  
 Last Reviewed: 2018-03-03  
 Date: 2011-08-24  
 Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance  
 Resolution: GC11-48

The Canadian Medical Association will explore options for a cross-jurisdictional approach to the development of national standards for patient care.



## Operational principles for the measurement and management of wait lists (Update 2011)

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10322>

Policy Type: Policy document  
 Last Reviewed: 2019-03-03  
 Date: 2011-10-23  
 Replaces: Operational principles for the measurement and management of waiting lists  
 Topics: Health systems, system funding and performance

### Documents



PD12-02.pdf

 Read PDF

 Download PDF



## Patient Charter

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10190>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2018-03-03

Date: 2011-08-24

Topics: Health care and patient safety

Health systems, system funding and performance

Resolution: GC11-42

The Canadian Medical Association calls on each province and territory to implement a Patient Charter within a national framework that includes: - the rights and expectations of patients with respect to the quality and timeliness of health care - the responsibilities of patients with respect to their health and health care - a mechanism for patients to register concerns and complaints about the quality and timeliness of their health care - a mechanism for the redress of patient complaints.