



## Academic writing and editing among practicing physicians and physicians-in-training

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11627>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2015-08-26

Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Ethics and medical professionalism

Health systems, system funding and performance

Resolution: GC15-47

The Canadian Medical Association will promote the development of resources to foster academic writing and editing among practicing physicians and physicians-in-training.



## Arm's- length, anonymous pre-accreditation survey

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11647>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2015-08-26

Topics: Health human resources  
Physician practice/ compensation/ forms

Resolution: GC15-67

The Canadian Medical Association affirms its support for the continued use of the arm's- length, anonymous pre-accreditation survey as an integral component of the national system of accreditation for postgraduate medical education.



## Around-the-clock services for frail and elderly Canadians living in the community.

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11600>

Policy Type: Policy resolution  
Date: 2015-08-26  
Topics: Health human resources  
Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Resolution: GC15-20

The Canadian Medical Association supports improved training, resource allocation and incentives to help primary care physicians develop robust, around-the-clock services for frail and elderly Canadians living in the community.



## Coercive legislation

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy8539>

Policy Type: Policy resolution  
Last Reviewed: 2020-02-29  
Date: 2006-08-23  
Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Resolution: GC06-69

The Canadian Medical Association and its divisions staunchly oppose any form of coercive legislation in regard to the negotiation of working conditions and compensation of physicians.



## Evaluating federal forms used by physicians

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11672>

Policy Type: Policy resolution  
Date: 2015-08-26  
Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Resolution: GC15-93

The Canadian Medical Association will create a working group to evaluate federal forms used by physicians.



## Generalist approach across the medical career life cycle

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11644>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2015-08-26

Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms

Resolution: GC15-64

The Canadian Medical Association will advocate for a generalist approach across the medical career life cycle.



## Goods and service tax

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy45>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2016-05-20

Date: 2002-08-21

Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms

Resolution: GC02-58

That Canadian Medical Association continue to advocate for the right of all physicians to claim GST input tax credits.

## Documents

GC02-58.pdf

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## Governments undertaking unilateral action

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11641>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2015-08-26

Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Ethics and medical professionalism

Resolution: GC15-97

The Canadian Medical Association stands against governments undertaking unilateral action in lieu of a negotiated agreement with physicians.



## Gradual transition toward retirement

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11626>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2015-08-26

Topics: Physician practice/ compensation/ forms  
Ethics and medical professionalism

Resolution: GC15-46

The Canadian Medical Association supports physicians who choose a gradual transition toward retirement.



## Increased knowledge amongst physicians in the practice of trauma-informed care

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11667>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2015-08-26

Topics: Health human resources  
Physician practice/ compensation/ forms

Resolution: GC15-88

The Canadian Medical Association promotes increased knowledge amongst physicians in the practice of trauma-informed care.