



Breastfeeding and HIV

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy737>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2017-03-04

Date: 1992-08-19

Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Health care and patient safety

Resolution: GC92-34

Where safe alternatives exist, breast feeding should be avoided by mothers at high risk for HIV [human immunodeficiency virus] infection and by those known to be infected.



The Built Environment and Health

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11258>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2014-08-20

Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Health care and patient safety

Resolution: GC14-59

The Canadian Medical Association will develop an action plan to promote the recommendations outlined in its policy, The Built Environment and Health.




Canadian Medical Association Submission to Health Canada's Notice of proposed order to amend the schedule to the Tobacco Act


<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11434>

Policy Type: Parliamentary submission
Date: 2014-11-10
Topics: Health care and patient safety
Population health/ health equity/ public health

Documents

BR2015-04.pdf

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Canadian Medical Association Submission to the House of Commons Study on E-Cigarettes

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11437>

Policy Type: Parliamentary submission
Date: 2014-11-27
Topics: Health care and patient safety
Population health/ health equity/ public health

Documents

BR2015-05.pdf

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Canadian tuberculosis control programs

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9260>

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2020-02-29
Date: 2008-08-20
Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Health care and patient safety
Resolution: GC08-91

The Canadian Medical Association advocates for mobilization of federal resources to facilitate Canadian tuberculosis control programs to screen refugees and immigrants new to Canada in accordance with current health policy.



Cellphones

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy10205>

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2018-03-03
Date: 2011-08-24
Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Health care and patient safety
Resolution: GC11-81
The Canadian Medical Association will educate and advise the profession and the public on methods of cellphone operation that will minimize radio frequency penetration to the brain.



Child poverty in Canada

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy8525>

Policy Type: Policy resolution
Last Reviewed: 2013-03-02
Date: 2006-08-23
Topics: Health care and patient safety
Population health/ health equity/ public health
Resolution: GC06-21
The Canadian Medical Association requests that the federal government adopt a rigorous strategy to eradicate child poverty in Canada.



Children's health and environmental toxins

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy9239>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2020-02-29

Date: 2008-08-20

Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Health care and patient safety

Resolution: GC08-71

The Canadian Medical Association urges the federal government to participate in Canadian-based research studies on children's health and environmental toxins.



Climate action

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy11259>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Date: 2014-08-20

Topics: Population health/ health equity/ public health
Health care and patient safety

Resolution: GC14-60

The Canadian Medical Association will collaborate with other disciplines to ensure that the mutual benefits to health and the economy of climate action are more broadly understood and incorporated into policy.



Climate change and the health of Aboriginal populations

<https://policybase.cma.ca/en/permalink/policy8897>

Policy Type: Policy resolution

Last Reviewed: 2014-03-01

Date: 2007-08-22

Topics: Health care and patient safety

Population health/ health equity/ public health

Resolution: GC07-82

The Canadian Medical Association urges the federal government to put into place measures to mitigate the impact of climate change on the health of Aboriginal populations in remote northern regions as traditional subsistence practices are disrupted due to adverse changes in water resources, fisheries, forests, wildlife and ecosystems.