Closing the Gaps: Advancing Emergency Preparedness, Response and Recovery for Older Adults

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14384

POLICY TYPE
Policy endorsement

DATE
2020-12-15

TOPICS
Population health, health equity, public health
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
National Standards for Long-Term Care: The art of the possible?
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14383

POLICY TYPE  Policy endorsement
DATE  2020-12-08
TOPICS  Population health, health equity, public health
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Committee Appearance: House of Commons Standing Committee on Health (HESA)
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14381

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
DATE: 2020-11-30
TOPICS: Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

Committee Appearance:
House of Commons Standing Committee on Health (HESA)
November 30, 2020
Valuing Caregivers and Recognizing Their Contribution to Quebec’s Health System
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14373

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-09-29

TOPICS
Health human resources
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Recommendations for Canada’s long-term recovery plan - open letter
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14262

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2020-08-27
TOPICS  Population health, health equity, public health
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
CMA Pre-budget Submission

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14259

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2020-08-07
TOPICS  Physician practice, compensation, forms
  Health information and e-health
  Health care and patient safety
  Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Submission in Response to the Consultation on the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy: Keeping Medical Clinic Employees on the Payroll

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14258

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-06-05

TOPICS
Physician practice, compensation, forms
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

Submission in Response to the Consultation on the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy:
Keeping Medical Clinic Employees on the Payroll
(June 5, 2020)
Protecting and supporting Canada’s health-care providers during COVID-19
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14260

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-03-23

TOPICS
Physician practice, compensation, forms
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources

Documents
A Prescription for sustainability
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy1967

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
LAST REVIEWED  2020-02-29
DATE  2002-06-06
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

A PRESCRIPTION FOR SUSTAINABILITY  – E1904.180

Executive Summary

The health care system faces the twin challenges of delivering high-quality care to an aging population while containing costs, and the sustainability of current funding arrangements is in question. The Canadian Medical Association has long advocated for a fundamental restructuring of the health care system, and the time has come for a comprehensive review of existing funding arrangements.

The CMA believes that the fundamental elements of a sustainable health care system must be: 

1. A primary care-centered system that promotes health and prevents illness.
2. A system that is patient-centered and focuses on the needs of the individual.
3. A system that is sustainable and can be adapted to meet future needs.
4. A system that is accountable and transparent in its decision-making process.

The CMA has identified a number of key recommendations to achieve these goals, including:

- Expansion of primary care services
- Enhanced funding mechanisms
- Improved data and information management
- Enhanced accountability and transparency

The CMA believes that a comprehensive review of the health care system is long overdue, and that such a review should be undertaken as soon as possible.

For further information, please contact:

Canadian Medical Association
633 Glebe Road East
Ottawa, ON K1A 0M8

Phone: 613-241-0770
Fax: 613-241-0772
Email: policy@cmaj.ca

The CMA Policybase is a comprehensive database of medical association policies and positions on a wide range of issues. It is designed to provide up-to-date information on the latest developments in health care policy.
Streamlining patient flow from primary to specialty care: a critical requirement for improved access to specialty care

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy11299

POLICY TYPE  
Policy document

LAST REVIEWED  
2020-02-29

DATE  
2014-10-25

TOPICS  
Health systems, system funding and performance

CMA POLICY

STREAMLINING PATIENT FLOW FROM PRIMARY TO SPECIALTY CARE: A CRITICAL REQUIREMENT FOR IMPROVED ACCESS TO SPECIALTY CARE

Executive Summary

Now more than ever, patient flow has been a hot topic in the medical community. The need for efficient and effective patient flow is critical in ensuring timely and appropriate care for patients. The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) recognizes the importance of streamlining patient flow from primary to specialty care. This policy document outlines the key components of efficient patient flow and provides recommendations for improving access to specialty care.

Recent studies have shown that delays in patient flow can lead to increased healthcare costs, decreased patient satisfaction, and reduced health outcomes. The CMA policy highlights the need for collaboration among healthcare providers to ensure smooth patient flow. This includes effective communication, timely referrals, and coordinated care.

The policy also emphasizes the importance of technology in streamlining patient flow. Electronic medical records and interoperable systems can facilitate the transfer of patient information, reducing wait times and improving patient care.

The CMA recommends that healthcare systems implement best practices in patient flow, such as the use of triage systems and the establishment of clear referral pathways. These measures are crucial in ensuring that patients receive appropriate and timely care.

In conclusion, the CMA policy on streamlining patient flow from primary to specialty care is a critical requirement for improved access to specialty care. By implementing the recommendations outlined in this policy, healthcare systems can reduce wait times, improve patient satisfaction, and ultimately enhance the overall quality of care provided to patients.

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association