CMA Recommendations on Vaccine Equity and Intellectual Property

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14476

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission

DATE: 2022-05-13

TOPICS: Ethics and medical professionalism
Pharmaceuticals, prescribing, cannabis, drugs
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents

CMA Recommendations on Vaccine Equity and Intellectual Property
House of Commons Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs and International Development
May 11, 2022

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Appearance before the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14475

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2022-05-09
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance
         Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health

Dr. Katharine Smart
President of the Canadian Medical Association
May 9, 2022
Thank you

Dr. Katharine Smart
President of the Canadian Medical Association
May 9, 2022
Appearance before the Standing Committee on Indigenous and Northern Affairs (INAN): Administration and accessibility of Indigenous Peoples to the Non-Insured Benefits Program

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14474

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2022-05-03

TOPICS
Population health, health equity, public health
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the Standing Committee on Indigenous and Northern Affairs (INAN): Administration and accessibility of Indigenous Peoples to the Non-Insured Benefits Program

Dr. Alika Ermacrae
President-elect of the Canadian Medical Association
May 3, 2022

[Image of document with signature]
Health Human Resource Policy Recommendations: Summary. Briefing to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14473

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2022-04-14
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance
        Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Study on Canada’s Health Workforce
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14469

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2022-02-16
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance
         Health human resources
         Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health:

Study on Canada’s Health Workforce

Dr. Curtice Smart
President of the Canadian Medical Association
February 15, 2022
Date appended here
Recommendations for federal action to address Canada’s health care crisis
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14468

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2022-02-15
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance
         Health human resources
         Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Recommendations for federal action to address Canada’s health care crisis
Submission to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Finance
February 15, 2022
Study on Bill S-209, An Act respecting Pandemic Observance Day
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14467

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2022-02-09
TOPICS  Health care and patient safety
  Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology

Study on Bill S-209, An Act respecting Pandemic Observance Day

Dr. Jocelyn Mink
President of the Canadian Medical Association

February 09, 2022
(Check for approval)
CMA Submission to the Standing Committee on Human Resources, Skills and Social Development and the Status of Persons with Disabilities’ study of Bill C-3, An Act to amend the Criminal Code and the Canada Labour Code
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14464

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2021-12-15

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
CMA Submission to the Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology’s study of Bill C-3, An Act to amend the Criminal Code and the Canada Labour Code

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14462

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE        2021-12-10
TOPICS      Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Canadian Medical Association input in advance of the World Health Assembly Special Session
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14461

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2021-11-17

TOPICS
Population health, health equity, public health
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
New Criminal Code offence to protect health workers from threats and violence, including online

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14463

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE      2021-11-16
TOPICS    Population health, health equity, public health
          Ethics and medical professionalism
Canada’s doctors and nurses urgently calling for federal measures to address Canada’s health workforce crisis

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14460

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission

DATE  2021-11-09

TOPICS  Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Vaccine certificates
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14448

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE       2021-08-21
TOPICS     Population health, health equity, public health
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Vaccine certificates

Policy position recommendation:
1. The Association supports the development of a voluntary, accessible, portable, and verifiable vaccine certificate that can be used in a number of settings, such as travel, work, and education. The certificate should be based on the same scientific evidence and be equivalent to proof of vaccination. The certificate can be used as an alternative to mandatory vaccination requirements.
2. The certificate should be designed to be user-friendly and accessible to individuals from diverse backgrounds. It should be easily verifiable by those who require it, such as employers and schools.
3. The Association encourages the development of a digital vaccine certificate that can be accessed through a mobile application. This would allow for easy verification and storage of vaccination information.
4. The Association supports efforts to ensure that vaccine certificate systems respect individual privacy and are transparent in their collection, use, and sharing of information.

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Global vaccine equity

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14451

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

DATE
2021-08-21

TOPICS
Ethics and medical professionalism
Population health, health equity, public health

Global vaccine equity

Policy position recommendation

1. Canada should support global vaccine equity. The right of every person to benefit from the technological and scientific progress that has been achieved shall be recognized. Access to vaccines must be equitable and fair.

2. Canada should advocate for an international, equitable, and transparent distribution of vaccines to ensure that vaccines are available to all who need them.

3. Canada should support the development of vaccines that are safe, effective, and accessible to all populations.

4. Canada should work with international organizations to promote global health and equity in vaccine distribution.

5. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

6. Canada should support research and development of vaccines that are safe, effective, and accessible to all populations.

7. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

8. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

9. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

10. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

11. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

12. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

13. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

14. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

15. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

16. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

17. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

18. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

19. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

20. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

21. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

22. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

23. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

24. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

25. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

26. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

27. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

28. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

29. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.

30. Canada should support the establishment of a global health system that ensures equitable access to vaccines and other health interventions.
Guidelines for physicians in interactions with industry

Recommendations for physician innovators

See also supporting policy: Recommendations for physician innovators

See also other policy: Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada: Calls to Action

See also other policy: CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada: Calls to Action
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14459

POLICY TYPE
Policy endorsement

DATE
2021-08-21

TOPICS
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14443

**POLICY TYPE**
Policy endorsement

**DATE**
2021-06-24

**TOPICS**
Pharmaceuticals, prescribing, cannabis, drugs
Population health, health equity, public health

**RESOLUTION**


The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) supports the decriminalization of drug use and possession for personal use, as outlined in the Canadian Senate Bill S-5, the Safe, Secure, and Healthy Communities Act, also known as the Cannabis Maturation, Stabilization, and Management Act (CSAM–SMCA). The CMA believes that the current legal framework for drug use and possession is ineffective, costly, and disproportionately affects marginalized and vulnerable populations.

This policy brief provides an evidence-based rationale for the decriminalization of drug use and possession for personal use, highlighting the benefits of a public health approach over a criminal justice response. It emphasizes the importance of investing in evidence-based interventions that address the root causes of drug use and access to safe, legal, and regulated substances.

**SYNOPSIS**

The current legal framework for drug use and possession is ineffective, costly, and disproportionately affects marginalized and vulnerable populations. The CMA supports the decriminalization of drug use and possession for personal use, as outlined in the Canadian Senate Bill S-5, the Safe, Secure, and Healthy Communities Act, also known as the Cannabis Maturation, Stabilization, and Management Act (CSAM–SMCA). The CMA believes that the current legal framework for drug use and possession is ineffective, costly, and disproportionately affects marginalized and vulnerable populations.
Committee Appearance – Senate Legal and Constitutional Affairs Committee:
Bill C-7 – An Act to Amend the Criminal Code (medical assistance in dying)
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14380

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-11-23

TOPICS
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Taking action on drug shortages during Covid-19 – open letter
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14261

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE 2020-08-13
TOPICS Pharmaceuticals, prescribing, cannabis, drugs

We are writing to you today to express our concern about the drug shortages now being experienced in Canada.

As the pandemic continues to unfold, we have seen multiple instances of shortages in various medications, including vaccines, painkillers, and antibiotics. These shortages are not only a concern for patients but also for healthcare providers, who rely on these medications to treat their patients.

As a result, we urge your government to take action to address this critical issue. We recommend that you:

1. Increase the production and distribution of essential medications.
2. Ensure that pharmacies have adequate stock levels.
3. Consider temporary measures to allow for the importation of medications.
4. Support research and development of new medications.

We believe that these measures are necessary to ensure that Canadians have access to the medications they need to stay healthy and safe.

Sincerely,
[Your Name]