Study on Bill S-209, An Act respecting Pandemic Observance Day
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14467

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2022-02-09

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the Senate
Standing Committee on Social
Affairs, Science and Technology

Study on Bill S-209, An Act
respecting Pandemic
Observance Day

Dr. J. E. Stilwell
President of the Canadian Medical Association

February 09, 2022
(Canadian Medical Association)
CMA Submission to the Standing Committee on Human Resources, Skills and Social Development and the Status of Persons with Disabilities’ study of Bill C-3, An Act to amend the Criminal Code and the Canada Labour Code

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14464

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2021-12-15

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

[Text continues on the page]

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Vaccine acceptance

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14450

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE  2021-08-21
TOPICS  Health care and patient safety
          Population health, health equity, public health

Documents

Vaccine acceptance

Policy position recommendation:

1. Health systems and service providers will be working in concert to address the public health challenges associated with COVID-19. The focus of this guidance is on the provision of vaccines and vaccine-related services.

2. Health systems and service providers will be working in concert to address the public health challenges associated with COVID-19. The focus of this guidance is on the provision of vaccines and vaccine-related services.

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10. Health systems and service providers will be working in concert to address the public health challenges associated with COVID-19. The focus of this guidance is on the provision of vaccines and vaccine-related services.
Return to school during COVID-19
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14452

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE  2021-08-21
TOPICS  Health care and patient safety
         Population health, health equity, public health

Documents

Return to school during COVID-19

Policy recommendation:

1. The CMA recommends that community vaccine mandates be implemented in local communities to ensure maximum population immunity against SARS-CoV-2 as a means to reduce the transmission of COVID-19. This recommendation should be based on an assessment of the proportion of the population that is fully vaccinated, including those who have received booster doses. The CMA also recommends that all healthcare workers, including nurses, physicians, and other health professionals, be vaccinated against COVID-19. This recommendation should be based on an assessment of the proportion of the population that is fully vaccinated, including those who have received booster doses.

2. The CMA recommends that schools and other educational institutions implement a vaccine mandate for all students and staff. This mandate should include a provision for those who cannot receive the vaccine due to medical reasons. The CMA also recommends that schools and other educational institutions implement a vaccine mandate for all students and staff. This mandate should include a provision for those who cannot receive the vaccine due to medical reasons.

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Interchangeability of vaccines (vaccine mixing)

Interchangeability of vaccines (vaccine mixing)

Policy position recommendation:

1. The Canadian Medical Association recommends that health care professionals ensure that vaccines are administered in accordance with the product monograph and that other vaccine-specific information is available. This includes the administration of vaccines that are interchangeable (i.e., vaccines that are safe and effective when administered as a single dose).

2. The Canadian Medical Association recommends that health care professionals ensure that vaccines are administered in accordance with the product monograph and that other vaccine-specific information is available. This includes the administration of vaccines that are interchangeable (i.e., vaccines that are safe and effective when administered as a single dose).

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5. The Canadian Medical Association recommends that health care professionals ensure that vaccines are administered in accordance with the product monograph and that other vaccine-specific information is available. This includes the administration of vaccines that are interchangeable (i.e., vaccines that are safe and effective when administered as a single dose).
Firearms Control (Update 2021)
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14401

POLICY TYPE  
Policy document

DATE  
2021-07-15

REPLACES  
Firearms control (Update 2001)

TOPICS  
Population health, health equity, public health
Health care and patient safety

Documents
The Canadian Interdisciplinary Palliative Care Competency Framework
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14439

POLICY TYPE  Policy endorsement
DATE  2020-12-05
TOPICS  Health care and patient safety
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Committee Appearance – Justice and Human Rights: Bill C-7 – Amending the Criminal Code Regarding Medical Assistance in Dying
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14374

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
DATE: 2020-11-05
TOPICS: Health care and patient safety

Documents

Committee Appearance –
Justice and Human Rights:
Bill C-7 – Amending the Criminal
Code Regarding Medical
Assistance in Dying
November 5, 2020

Canadian Medical Association
CMA Statement on Racism

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14245

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE  2020-06-02
TOPICS  Ethics and medical professionalism
         Health care and patient safety

Documents

[Image of policy document]

CMA Statement on Racism

The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) is dedicated to achieving optimal health for all Canadians. The CMA recognizes that health is influenced by social, economic, environmental, and biological factors. The CMA also recognizes that racism and discrimination are forms of violence and that they negatively impact health outcomes.

The provision of quality health care is a human right. The CMA opposes all forms of discrimination, including racism and discrimination based on race, ethnicity, culture, and other factors.

The CMA also recognizes that the provision of quality health care is influenced by structural racism and discrimination. The CMA supports policies and programs that address the systemic barriers that prevent all Canadians from having access to quality health care.

To: Secty. Secretary

From: CMA President

Subject: CMA Statement on Racism

This statement represents the CMA's commitment to achieving optimal health for all Canadians. The CMA recognizes that racism and discrimination are forms of violence and that they negatively impact health outcomes.

The CMA also recognizes that the provision of quality health care is influenced by structural racism and discrimination. The CMA supports policies and programs that address the systemic barriers that prevent all Canadians from having access to quality health care.

To: Secty. Secretary

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Subject: CMA Statement on Racism

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To: Secty. Secretary

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To: Secty. Secretary

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Responding to the COVID-19 pandemic: Federal measures to recognize the significant contributions of Canada’s front-line health care workers

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14211

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2020-05-28
TOPICS  Health care and patient safety

Documents
Framework for Ethical Decision Making During the Coronavirus Pandemic

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14133

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

DATE
2020-04-01

TOPICS
Ethics and medical professionalism
Health care and patient safety

Documents
Emergency federal measures to care for and protect Canadians during the COVID-19 pandemic

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14132

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2020-03-16
TOPICS  Health care and patient safety

Documents
CMA POLICY

Appropriateness in Health Care

Summary

The Canadian Medical Association advocates for the following principles for appropriate health care.

Building on past definitions, it makes the following policy recommendations:

1. Patients and their caregivers should have clear standards and guidelines for appropriate care.
2. Patients and their caregivers should have access to comprehensive information for health care.
3. Patients and their caregivers should have access to health care information and services that are evidence-based.
4. Patients and their caregivers should have access to care in a timely manner.

Introduction

In health care systems, the need for appropriate care is a fundamental principle. This paper outlines the core concepts of appropriateness in health care. The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) advocates for the following principles for appropriate health care.

Policy

The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) advocates for the following principles for appropriate health care:

1. Patients and their caregivers should have clear standards and guidelines for appropriate care.
2. Patients and their caregivers should have access to comprehensive information for health care.
3. Patients and their caregivers should have access to health care information and services that are evidence-based.
4. Patients and their caregivers should have access to care in a timely manner.

which addresses both quality and value. The goal is to deliver care that is appropriate, timely, and cost-effective. Patients and their caregivers should be involved in decisions about their care, and physicians should provide clear information about the benefits and risks of different treatment options.

The CMA supports the development of guidelines and standards for appropriate care, as well as the use of evidence-based medicine in clinical decision making. The CMA recommends the establishment of appropriate care committees in hospitals and healthcare organizations to ensure that care is provided in a timely and appropriate manner.

The CMA encourages healthcare organizations to develop and implement policies and procedures for appropriate care. These policies and procedures should be based on evidence-based practice guidelines and should be reviewed and updated regularly. The CMA also encourages healthcare organizations to train healthcare providers in the identification and delivery of appropriate care.

The CMA supports the development of electronic medical records that facilitate the delivery of appropriate care. These records should include information about a patient's medical history, allergies, medications, and other relevant information that can help healthcare providers make informed decisions about appropriate care.

The CMA encourages healthcare organizations to develop systems for monitoring and evaluating the quality and appropriateness of care. This information should be used to identify areas for improvement and to develop new policies and procedures for appropriate care. The CMA also encourages healthcare organizations to provide feedback to healthcare providers about their performance in delivering appropriate care.
Health Canada consultation on proposed vaping products promotion regulations
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14128

POLICY TYPE: Response to consultation
DATE: 2020-01-20
TOPICS: Health care and patient safety
         Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Organ and tissue donation and transplantation
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14126

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

DATE
2019-12-07

REPLACES
Organ and tissue donation and transplantation (update 2015)

TOPICS
Ethics and medical professionalism
Health care and patient safety

Documents
Clinical guideline for homeless and vulnerably housed people, and people with lived homelessness experience

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14165

POLICY TYPE
Policy endorsement

DATE
2019-10-17

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Health Canada consultation on vaping products labelling and packaging regulations
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14124

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| TOPICS            | Health care and patient safety  
|                   | Population health, health equity, public health |

Documents
Health Canada consultation on potential market for cannabis health products that would not require practitioner oversight
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14125

POLICY TYPE       Response to consultation
DATE              2019-09-03
TOPICS            Health care and patient safety
                  Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Standing Committee on Health’s study on violence faced by healthcare workers
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14052

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2019-05-14

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism
Health human resources
Physician practice, compensation, forms

Documents