Organ and tissue donation and transplantation

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14126

POLICY TYPE  
Policy document

DATE  
2019-12-07

REPLACES  
Organ and tissue donation and transplantation (update 2015)

TOPICS  
Ethics and medical professionalism
Health care and patient safety

Documents
Clinical guideline for homeless and vulnerably housed people, and people with lived homelessness experience
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14165

POLICY TYPE
Policy endorsement

DATE
2019-10-17

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Health Canada consultation on vaping products labelling and packaging regulations
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14124

POLICY TYPE Response to consultation
DATE 2019-09-05
TOPICS Health care and patient safety
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Health Canada consultation on potential market for cannabis health products that would not require practitioner oversight
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14125

POLICY TYPE  Response to consultation
DATE          2019-09-03
TOPICS        Health care and patient safety
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Standing Committee on Health’s study on violence faced by healthcare workers
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14052

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2019-05-14

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism
Health human resources
Physician practice, compensation, forms

Documents
Health Canada consultation on the impact of vaping products advertising on youth and non-users of tobacco products
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14022

POLICY TYPE: Response to consultation
DATE: 2019-03-22
TOPICS: Health care and patient safety
         Population health, health equity, public health

Documents

Putting Patients First: Comments on Bill C 6 (Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act): Submission to the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy1979

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
LAST REVIEWED: 2019-03-03
DATE: 1999-11-25
TOPICS: Ethics and medical professionalism
         Health care and patient safety
         Health information and e-health

Documents
Putting Patients First

Comments on Bill C-6

(Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act)

Submission to the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology

Nov. 21 1999

Oana, Natalie

Executive Summary

The Canadian Medical Association fully supports the principles of Bill C-6, the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA), which aims to protect personal information in the digital age. The Act seeks to provide enhanced protection for personal information that is collected, used or disclosed in the course of commercial activity. The Act's objectives are to:

1. Enable individuals to have control over their personal information.
2. Establish accountability and transparency in the information practices of organizations.
3. Ensure that the information practices of organizations are fair and justifiable to the individual.
4. Provide a framework for the fair and justifiable use of personal information in the context of electronic commerce.

The Act is designed to provide a balance between the need for privacy protection and the needs of commercial entities. The Act contains provisions that:

- Give individuals the right to access and correct their personal information.
- Require organizations to obtain informed consent for the collection, use or disclosure of personal information.
- Establish principles for the secure disposal of personal information.
- Provide for the appointment of a Privacy Commissioner to oversee the Act's implementation.

The Act is a significant step forward in protecting personal information in the digital age. It is important that the Act is implemented in a way that is consistent with the principles of privacy protection and that it is enforced effectively.

In conclusion, the Canadian Medical Association fully supports the principles of Bill C-6 and encourages its implementation in a way that is consistent with the principles of privacy protection.
"Listening to our Patient's Concerns"

Comments on Bill C-54 (Personal Information Protection and Electronic Document Act)

Submission to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Industry

March 18, 1999

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Statement to the Canadian panel on violence against women Ottawa - September, 1992
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy11956

POLICY TYPE            Parliamentary submission
LAST REVIEWED         2019-03-03
DATE                  1992-09-15
TOPICS
                      Health care and patient safety
                      Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Concussion in Sport, Leisure, and Occupational Settings

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14023

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE       2019-03-02
REPLACES   Head injury and sport (2011)
TOPICS     Health care and patient safety
            Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)

See also CMA Policy: Antimicrobial Resistance 2019.99

BACKGROUND TO CMA POLICY

In 2019, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared antimicrobial resistance (AMR) a global threat. The increasing prevalence of antibiotic-resistant bacteria poses a serious threat to public health, biodiversity, and the environment. Antimicrobial resistance occurs when bacteria develop the ability to resist the effects of an antimicrobial drug, making it difficult or impossible to treat infections. As bacteria evolve, they can pass this resistance to other bacteria through genetic exchange. This can lead to the emergence of new, highly resistant bacteria that are difficult or impossible to treat.

The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) recognizes the importance of addressing AMR. The CMA has long advocated for policies that promote the prudent use of antimicrobials in humans and animals, and has called for research and education to improve understanding of the threat posed by AMR.

In 2019, the CMA released a policy on AMR, which outlined the CMA's position and recommendations for addressing the global threat of AMR. The CMA policy calls for a comprehensive, multi-sectoral approach to AMR, including the promotion of the prudent use of antimicrobials, research and education, and international collaboration.

The CMA policy also calls for the establishment of a national surveillance system to track the prevalence of AMR in Canada, and for the development of guidelines for the use of antimicrobials in humans and animals.

The CMA policy on AMR is part of a broader international effort to address the global threat of AMR. The CMA recognizes the importance of working with other organizations and governments to develop and implement effective policies and strategies to combat AMR.

The CMA policy on AMR is intended to support the Canadian public and health care professionals in making informed decisions about the use of antimicrobials, and to raise awareness of the threat posed by AMR.

The CMA policy on AMR provides a framework for Canadian health care professionals and stakeholders to work together to address the threat of AMR, and to develop and implement effective policies and strategies to combat this global threat.
Joint Submission to the Subcommittee on Sport-Related Concussions in Canada House of Commons Standing Committee on Health
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy4080

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2019-01-29

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety

Documents