CMA Statement on the Governance of Health Information: A patient-partnered health information governance framework

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14485

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

DATE
2022-06-29

TOPICS
Health information and e-health

WHAT IT IS
The purpose of this statement is to advance the development of a patient-partnered health information governance framework for health information management. This framework will support the effective and ethical management of health information, including electronic health records, in support of patient care and research. It will provide a clear and consistent approach to managing health information, including the identification, collection, use, and sharing of health information. The framework will also ensure that access to health information is secure and that patients are informed about their health information. This framework will support the advancement of health information management practices in Canada and beyond, in alignment with international standards and best practices. The framework will be adaptable to the needs of various stakeholders, including patients, health care providers, health information managers, and government and regulatory bodies.
Virtual Care in Canada: progress and potential. Report of the Virtual Care Task Force
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14470

POLICY TYPE Policy endorsement
DATE 2022-02-26
TOPICS Health information and e-health

Documents
Digital Health Care and Competition – a perspective from The Canadian Medical Association
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14444

POLICY TYPE	Parliamentary submission
DATE	2021-06-25
TOPICS	Health information and e-health

Documents

CMA submission
DIGITAL HEALTH CARE AND COMPETITION – A PERSPECTIVE FROM THE CANADIAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

Submission to the Competition Bureau Market Study on Digital Health Care
June 2021
Enhancing equitable access to virtual care in Canada: Principle-based recommendations for equity
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14447

POLICY TYPE: Policy endorsement
DATE: 2021-04-30
TOPICS: Population health, health equity, public health
Health information and e-health

Documents
CMA Pre-budget Submission
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14259

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-08-07

TOPICS
Physician practice, compensation, forms
Health information and e-health
Health care and patient safety
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Guiding principles for the optimal use of data analytics by physicians at the point of care

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy11812

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
LAST REVIEWED  2020-02-29
DATE  2016-02-27
TOPICS  Health information and e-health

Documents
Principles concerning physician information
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy208

POLICY TYPE: Policy document
LAST REVIEWED: 2019-03-03
DATE: 2002-06-02
TOPICS: Health information and e-health
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Putting Patients First: Comments on Bill C 6 (Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act): Submission to the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy1979

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
LAST REVIEWED: 2019-03-03
DATE: 1999-11-25
TOPICS: Ethics and medical professionalism
Health care and patient safety
Health information and e-health

Documents
“Putting Patients First”

Comments on Bill C-56
(Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act)

Submission to the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology

Nov 27 1999

Debra Kent

Executive Summary

The comments of the Canadian Medical Association, in agreeing with the government’s efforts to establish a privacy act, are primarily focused on certain amendments that might impact the medical community. The national, federal, and provincial statutes in our jurisdiction should be reviewed for the possible effects of Bill C-56 on health professionals and patients. It is essential to establish clear guidelines for the implementation of the act in order to ensure that the spirit of the act is respected and maintained.

Health professionals, in the course of their practice, need to use personal information to provide quality care. It is crucial that proper safeguards are put in place to protect the privacy and confidentiality of patients. The CMA strongly supports the creation of a federal privacy act that provides a framework for the protection of personal information. However, we are concerned about the potential impact of Bill C-56 on medical practices.

In conclusion, the Canadian Medical Association supports the government’s efforts to establish a privacy act. We urge the Senate Standing Committee on Social Affairs, Science and Technology to consider our recommendations to ensure that the spirit of the act is respected and maintained.

Debra Kent

Canadian Medical Association
Listening to our Patient’s Concerns: Comments on Bill C 54 (Personal Information Protection and Electronic Document Act): Submission to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Industry

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy1980

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission

LAST REVIEWED: 2019-03-03

DATE: 1999-03-18

TOPICS: Health care and patient safety

Health information and e-health

Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

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"Listening to our Patient’s Concerns"

Comments on Bill C 54

(Personal Information Protection and Electronic Document Act)

Submission to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Industry

March 18, 1999

Dr. Mark Blumberg

Chairman, Committee on Industry

The Hon. Irwin Cotler, M.P.

Minister of Health and Human Resources

Department of Health and Human Resources

Ottawa, Ontario

Dear Minister Cotler,

I am writing on behalf of the Canadian Medical Association to express our concerns regarding the proposed legislation on personal information protection and electronic documents. Our primary concern is the potential impact of this legislation on the confidentiality and security of patient health information.

I understand that the legislation aims to protect personal information in the digital age. However, I am concerned that the proposed measures may not adequately address the unique challenges of protecting sensitive medical information.

Patient health information is highly sensitive and personal. It is essential to strike a balance between the need for protection and the need for information to be shared for the benefit of patients and society.

I recommend that the following considerations be addressed in the legislation:

1. Transparency: The legislation should clearly define what constitutes personal information and ensure that individuals have access to their own information.

2. Consent: Individuals should have control over the use of their personal information. This includes the right to consent to the collection, use, and disclosure of their personal information.

3. Security: Adequate measures should be in place to protect personal information from unauthorized access, use, or disclosure.

4. Accountability: There should be clear accountability mechanisms in place to ensure that organizations are held responsible for the protection of personal information.

I urge you to consider these recommendations as you work to develop the legislation. I believe that, with careful consideration, we can strike a balance that protects personal information while allowing for its responsible use.

Thank you for your attention to these important issues.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

[Your Position]

Canadian Medical Association

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Guiding Principles for Physician Electronic Medical Records (EMR) Adoption in Canada: Canadian Medical Association - p. 10

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Guiding Principles for Physician Electronic Medical Records (EMR) Adoption in Ambulatory Clinical Practice

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy9117

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

LAST REVIEWED
2019-03-03

DATE
2008-02-23

TOPICS
Health information and e-health
Vision for e-Prescribing: a joint statement by the Canadian Medical Association and the Canadian Pharmacists Association

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy10670

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

LAST REVIEWED
2019-03-03

DATE
2012-12-08

TOPICS
Health information and e-health
Pharmaceuticals, prescribing, cannabis, drugs

Documents
Best practices for smartphone and smart-device clinical photo taking and sharing
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy13860

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE  2018-03-03
TOPICS  Health information and e-health
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Guiding principles for physicians recommending mobile health applications

CMA POLICY

PRINCIPLES FOR THE PROTECTION OF PATIENT PRIVACY

See also Background to CMA Policy for the Protection of Patient Privacy

DATE

2017-12-09

REPLACES

PD11-03 Principles for the Protection of Patients’ Personal Health Information

TOPICS

Health information and e-health

Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

CMA POLICY

PRINCIPLES FOR THE PROTECTION OF PATIENT PRIVACY

See also Background to CMA Policy for the Protection of Patient Privacy

DATE

2017-12-09

REPLACES

PD11-03 Principles for the Protection of Patients’ Personal Health Information

TOPICS

Health information and e-health

Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Guiding principles for physicians recommending mobile health applications

CMA Policybase - Canadian Medical Association
Amendments to PIPEDA, Bill S-4
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy11194

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2014-06-09
TOPICS  Health information and e-health
         Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

CMA Submission to the House Standing Committee on Transport and Communications

SB 5.4. An Act to amend the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act and to enact consequential amendments to another Act
June 3, 2014

Submitted by Canadian Medical Association