Health Human Resource Policy Recommendations: Summary. Briefing to the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14473

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2022-04-14
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Appearance before the Standing Committee on Human Resources, Skills and Social Development and the Status of Persons with Disabilities
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14472

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2022-03-28

TOPICS
Health human resources
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

Appearance before the
Standing Committee on Human Resources, Skills and Social Development and the Status of Persons with Disabilities

Dr. Katherine Smart
President of the Canadian Medical Association

March 28, 2022
Federal Policy Options to Advance Pan-Canadian Licensure
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14471

POLICY TYPE       Parliamentary submission
DATE              2022-02-22
TOPICS
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
Study on Canada’s Health Workforce
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14469

POLICY TYPE Parliamentary submission
DATE 2022-02-16
TOPICS
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health:

Study on Canada’s Health Workforce

Dr. Erkins Yama
President of the Canadian Medical Association
February 16, 2022
Dress-aperent lawyers
Recommendations for federal action to address Canada’s health care crisis
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14468

POLICY TYPE       Parliamentary submission
DATE              2022-02-15
TOPICS
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents
CMA 2022 Pre-Budget Submission
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14445

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2021-08-05
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
In light of the current need to decriminalize illicit drugs, we strongly support the legal regulation of drug use and the implementation of evidence-based harm reduction strategies. We encourage the government to consider the following key points:

1. Education and awareness: It is crucial to provide comprehensive education and awareness programs on the dangers and risks associated with drug use. This includes the provision of accurate information on the effects of different drugs and the importance of safe use practices.

2. Harm reduction measures: The government should prioritize the implementation of harm reduction strategies such as safe injection sites, overdose prevention programs, and access to naloxone. These measures can significantly reduce the harm caused by drug use and save lives.

3. Access to treatment: There is a need to improve access to evidence-based treatment options for drug users. This includes increased funding for addiction treatment facilities and the development of community-based programs that are accessible and stigma-free.

4. Research and innovation: Further research is needed to develop new treatments and strategies for the prevention and management of drug addiction. The government should invest in research and innovation to find effective and sustainable solutions.

We strongly believe that a comprehensive approach to drug use regulation is necessary to address the complex issues surrounding drug use. By taking these steps, we can work towards creating a safer and healthier environment for all Canadians.
Policy Brief: CSAM-SMCA in Support of the Decriminalization of Drug Use and Possession for Personal Use

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14443

POLICY TYPE
Policy endorsement

DATE
2021-06-24

TOPICS
Pharmaceuticals, prescribing, cannabis, drugs

Population health, health equity, public health

Introduction

There is a growing consensus in the medical and public health communities that the criminalization of drug use and possession for personal use is unjust and ineffective. Evidence from around the world shows that the war on drugs has failed to reduce drug use, improve public health outcomes, or deter drug-related crime. It has, however, led to a significant increase in the number of people in prison, particularly for minor drug offenses. This policy brief reviews the evidence on the harms of criminalizing drug use and argues for a focus on harm reduction and public health interventions instead.

Systematic reviews of outcomes of decriminalization initiatives worldwide consistently show that decriminalization leads to better health outcomes, fewer social harms, and more effective public health interventions. The evidence suggests that decriminalization leads to reduced drug-related harms and increased access to evidence-based treatment services. It also shows that decriminalization is associated with reduced police presence in communities, which can lead to improved public safety and reduced racial profiling.

Conclusion

The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) supports the decriminalization of drug use and possession for personal use. This policy brief provides evidence from around the world to support this position and argues for a focus on harm reduction and public health interventions to improve health outcomes and reduce social harms.
National Approach to Licensure
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14438

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2021-05-26
TOPICS  Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Learning from the pandemic – Transforming and improving Quebec’s health care system
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14388

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
DATE: 2021-01-21
TOPICS: Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Closing the Gaps: Advancing Emergency Preparedness, Response and Recovery for Older Adults

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14384

POLICY TYPE  Policy endorsement
DATE        2020-12-15
TOPICS      Population health, health equity, public health
            Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
National Standards for Long-Term Care: The art of the possible?
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14383

POLICY TYPE Policy endorsement
DATE 2020-12-08
TOPICS Population health, health equity, public health
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Committee Appearance: House of Commons Standing Committee on Health (HESA)
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14381

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
DATE: 2020-11-30
TOPICS: Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

Committee Appearance:
House of Commons Standing Committee on Health (HESA)
November 30, 2020
Valuing Caregivers and Recognizing Their Contribution to Quebec’s Health System

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14373

POLICY TYPE: Parliamentary submission
DATE: 2020-09-29
TOPICS: Health human resources, Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents

Valuing Caregivers and Recognizing their Contribution to Quebec’s Health System

RESOLVE to recognize and support caregivers and to amend
worker-regulatory provisions
September 2020
Recommendations for Canada’s long-term recovery plan - open letter
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14262

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2020-08-27
TOPICS  Population health, health equity, public health
Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Taking action on drug shortages during Covid-19 - open letter
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14261

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-08-13

TOPICS
Pharmaceuticals, prescribing, cannabis, drugs

We are writing to you today to draw your attention to a serious challenge facing patients across the country: the shortage of critical pharmaceuticals.

As you know, the pandemic has posed significant challenges to the healthcare system. The need for personal protective equipment and other supplies has strained the supply chain. This has led to shortages in key medications, particularly those used for the treatment of chronic conditions and infectious diseases.

The shortage of these drugs is putting patients at risk. It is critical that we take action to ensure that patients have access to the medications they need to stay healthy and manage their conditions.

We urge you to consider implementing measures to address this crisis. This could include increasing funding for research and development of new drugs, improving supply chain management, and exploring alternative sourcing of critical medications.

We are committed to working with you to find solutions to this urgent issue. We look forward to your consideration of these proposals.

Sincerely,
[Signature]
[Name]
[Title]
CMA Pre-budget Submission
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14259

POLICY TYPE  Parliamentary submission
DATE  2020-08-07
TOPICS  Physician practice, compensation, forms
         Health information and e-health
         Health care and patient safety
         Health systems, system funding and performance

Documents
Submission in Response to the Consultation on the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy: Keeping Medical Clinic Employees on the Payroll

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14258

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| TOPICS            | Physician practice, compensation, forms
                   | Health systems, system funding and performance |

Documents

Submission in Response to the Consultation on the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy:
Keeping Medical Clinic Employees on the Payroll
June 5, 2020
Protecting and supporting Canada’s health-care providers during COVID-19
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14260

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-03-23

TOPICS
Physician practice, compensation, forms
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources