CMA Code of Ethics and Professionalism

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy13937

POLICY TYPE  
Policy document

DATE  
2018-12-08

REPLACES  
Code of ethics of the Canadian Medical Association (Update 2004)

TOPICS  
Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Management of physician fatigue

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy11127

POLICY TYPE
Policy document

LAST REVIEWED
2019-03-03

DATE
2014-05-24

TOPICS
Health human resources
Study on Canada’s Health Workforce
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14469

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2022-02-16

TOPICS
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources
Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Appearance before the House of Commons Standing Committee on Health:

Study on Canada’s Health Workforce

DR. Eilis D. Irwin
President of the Canadian Medical Association
February 16, 2022

Check against delivery.
Charter of Shared Values: A vision for intra-professionalism for physicians
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy13858

POLICY TYPE  Policy document
DATE  2017-12-09
REPLACES  CMA Charter for Physicians (Update 1999)
TOPICS  Ethics and medical professionalism

Documents

Charter of Shared Values: A vision for intra-professionalism for physicians

What is it?
The Charter of Shared Values is a set of core values and principles that guide the behavior and interaction of healthcare professionals. It aims to promote a culture of trust, respect, and collaboration among healthcare providers.

Why does it matter?
The Charter of Shared Values is crucial in maintaining the integrity of the healthcare system. It helps ensure that healthcare providers act with integrity, respect, and civility in their interactions with each other and their patients.

Commitments to Each Other:
A list of important shared values

- Respect
- Civility
- Integrity
- Reciprocity

Physician health
PHYSICIAN HEALTH

BACKGROUND TO CMA POLICY

The state of mental and physical health is an increasingly important consideration in the practice of medicine. It is essential for physicians to maintain their own mental and physical well-being, as it directly impacts their ability to provide optimal care to their patients. This policy outlines the principles and practices that should guide physicians in maintaining their health and well-being.

1. The state of mental and physical health

The health of the physician has significant implications for the care of patients. It is crucial for physicians to maintain their mental and physical health to ensure the best possible care for their patients. This includes recognizing and managing any physical or mental health issues that may interfere with their ability to provide optimal care. Physicians should also be aware of the impact of stress, burnout, and other factors on their health and consider strategies to promote well-being.

[Further discussion on the importance of maintaining health and well-being for physicians, including the role of support systems, self-care, and professional development.]
Physician Shielding During A Pandemic

https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14386

POLICY TYPE  Policy endorsement

DATE  2020-12-21

TOPICS  Population health, health equity, public health

Documents
Protecting and supporting Canada’s health-care providers during COVID-19
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy/14260

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2020-03-23

TOPICS
Physician practice, compensation, forms
Health systems, system funding and performance
Health human resources

Documents
Standing Committee on Health’s study on violence faced by healthcare workers
https://policybase.cma.ca/link/policy14052

POLICY TYPE
Parliamentary submission

DATE
2019-05-14

TOPICS
Health care and patient safety
Ethics and medical professionalism
Health human resources
Physician practice, compensation, forms

Documents